

Pendle Hill Landscape Partnership Scheme

Traditional Boundary Action Plan 2017





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1 Introduction

The Pendle Hill Landscape Partnership (LP) is a programme, led by the Forest of Bowland Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty which aims to reconnect people with their landscape and past, safeguard the areas wildlife and heritage and to improve people's access to the countryside of the area.

As part of this project a survey of the condition of traditional field boundaries (walls and hedges, Map 1) within the Pendle Hill LP was commissioned to provide an a baseline record of boundary condition and to provide a data set which would allow the identification of boundaries in need of restoration. This boundary data, together with information on woodlands collected during the parallel Phase 1 Habitat Survey can be used to prioritise in terms of their need for restoration and, for hedges, their ecological significance in the landscape as links between woodlands and other wildlife features. This information will subsequently be used to prioritise activity during the delivery phase of the project which is planned to take place during 2018 – 2022.

2 Rationale

The objective of this action plan is to identify key lengths and clusters of hedgerows and walls in need of restoration. These have been identified from the 2016 survey data which recorded hedge and wall condition and also placed them into one of six percentage gap categories. The way that hedges and walls have been prioritised in terms of their need for restoration is set out below.

2.1 Hedges

Prioritisation of hedges is based on three factors:

1. Hedges with <10% gaps are considered to be low priority and are excluded.

The remaining hedges are scored on two factors, hedge condition (Map 2) and percentage gaps (Map 3):

- 2. Hedges recorded as being "remnant line of straggly trees" (score 3) and others (score 1)
- 3. Hedge gap categories are scored as follows:
 - a. 10-25%: score 1
 - b. 25-50%: score 2
 - c. >50%: score 3

These scores are then added together to give a condition score (Map 4).

Score Priority

- >5 Very high
- 4–5 High
- 3 Medium
- <3 Low



To account for a hedges ecological connectivity hedges have been scored in three categories as follows:

Hedge connectivity:

1.	Where it connects with another hedge:	score 1
÷.	where it connects with unother neuge.	50010 1

Woodland connectivity:

- 2. Where it connects with any other woodland or scrub: score 1
- 3. Where it connects with woodland or scrub larger than 0.1ha in area: score 2

Connectivity to old or ancient woodland:

- 4. Where it connects to old woodland as defined by Lancashire County Council: score 1
- 5. Where it connects to a wood listed in the Ancient Woodland Inventory: score 2

The scores for each group are then added together to give a connectivity score (Map 5):

Score	Connectivity
	111-11

- >2 High
- 2 Moderate
- 1 Low
- 0 None

To get an overall prioritisation score the connectivity and condition scores are added together (Map 6):

Score	Priority				
>8	Very high				
7 – 8	High				
5 – 6	Medium				
<5	Low				

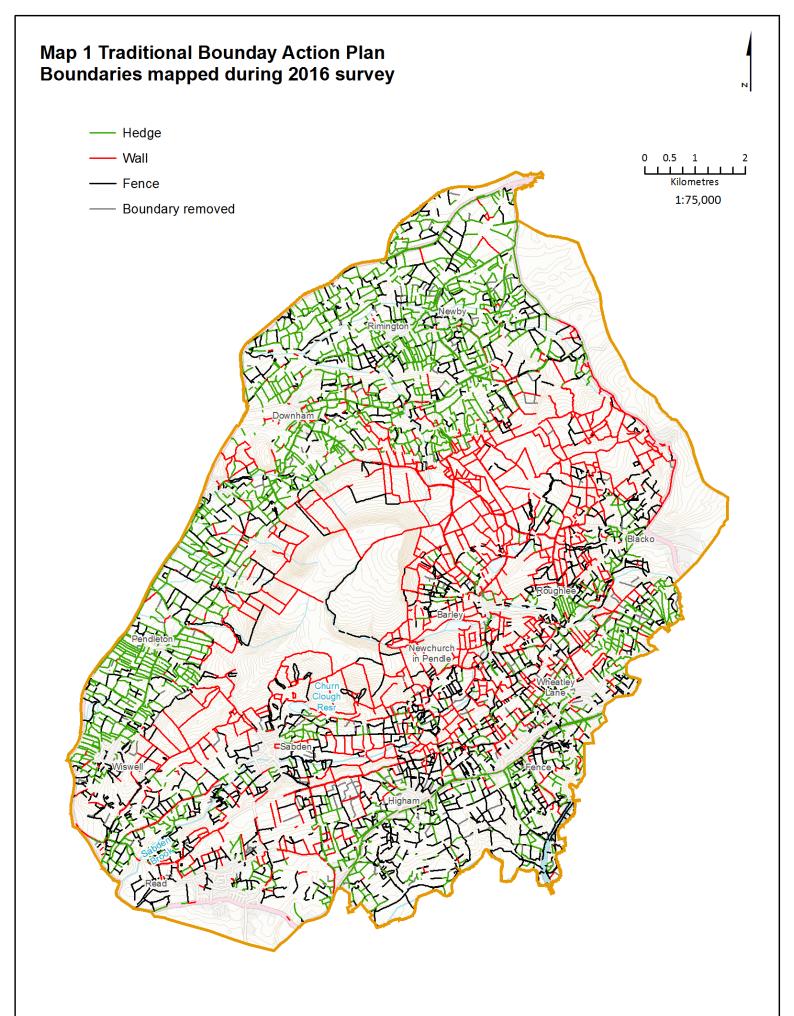
These prioritised hedges have then been grouped into ten Priority Areas (Maps 4 - 6).

The Pendleton & Wiswell and Rimington areas show the most pronounced concentrations of hedges in need of restoration, priority hedges in the other areas being more widely scattered.

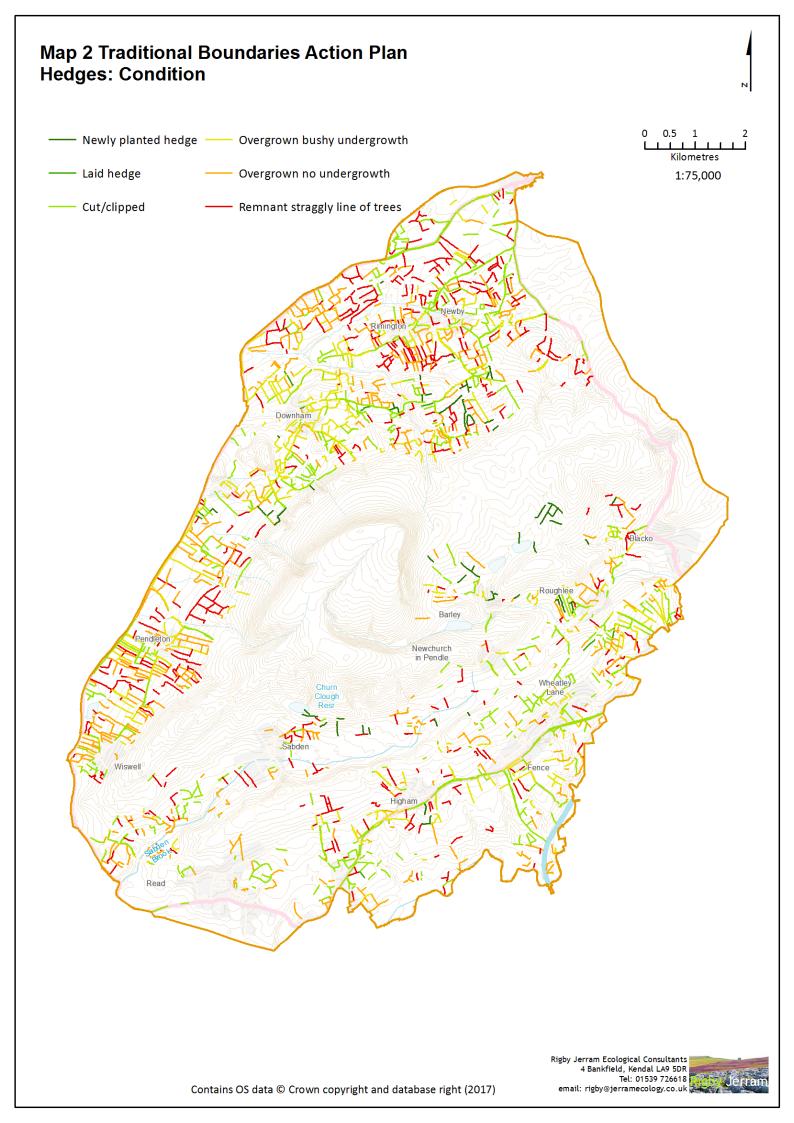
Table 1 hedge Flohty Aleas										
	Lov	v Priority	Medium Priority		High Priority		Very High Priority		Total	
Priority Areas	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)
Downham & Worston	23	5,163	10	2,270	33	7,434	5	1,060	67	14,482
Fence	8	1,323	16	2,951	24	4,274	0	0	30	5,396
Higham	20	3,452	29	5,103	49	8,555	3	589	70	13,349
Lower Sabden Brook	17	2,860	6	978	23	3,838	6	1,142	40	7,132
Middop	12	2,252	9	1,889	21	4,141	3	742	45	9,142
Pendleton & Wiswell	75	15,688	38	7,875	113	23,563	0	0	147	30,247
Rimington	23	3,836	21	3,953	44	7,789	7	1,902	71	13,453
Roughlee & Barrowford	39	7,563	21	3,845	60	11,408	2	472	78	14,445
Sabden	3	391	8	1,594	11	1,986	0	0	18	3,531
Twiston	12	2,073	15	2,997	27	5,069	5	773	50	8,416
Grand Total	232	44,601	173	33,455	405	78,056	31	6,680	616	119,593

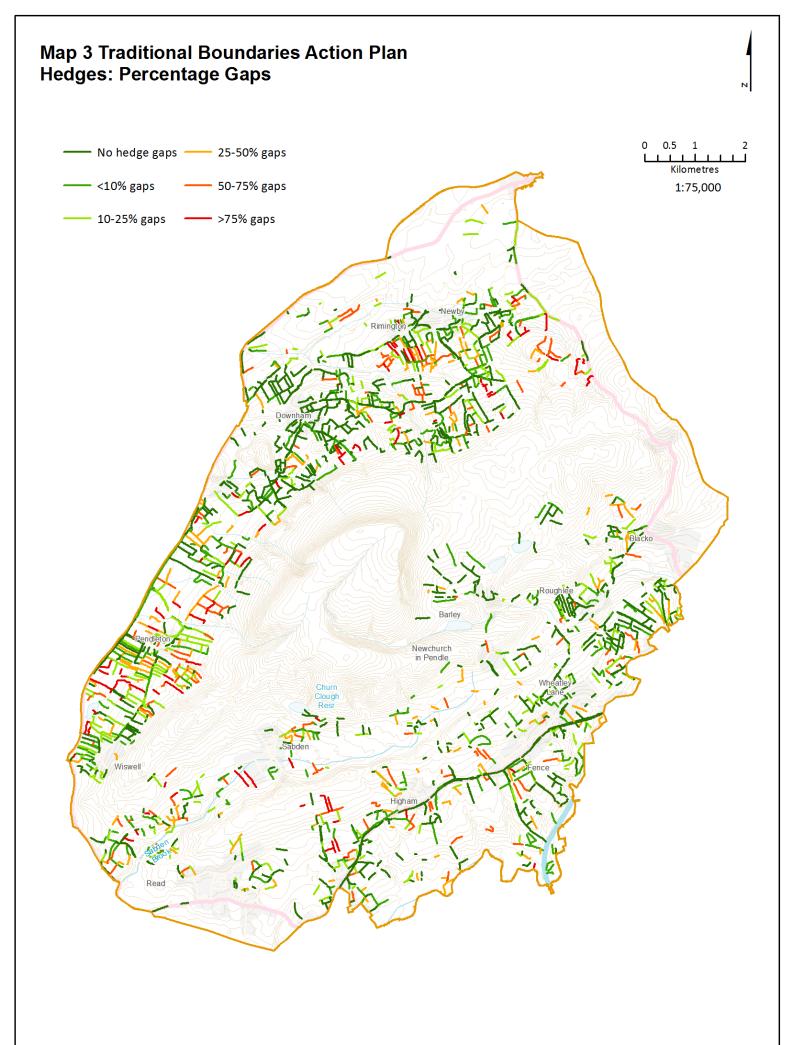
Table 1 Hedge Priority Areas





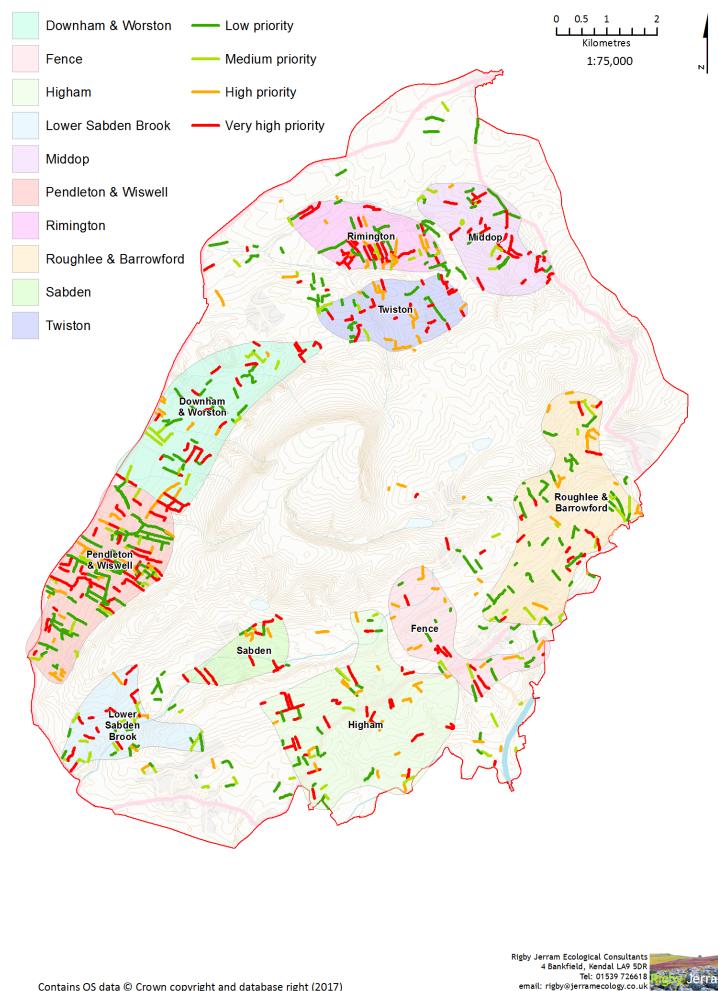




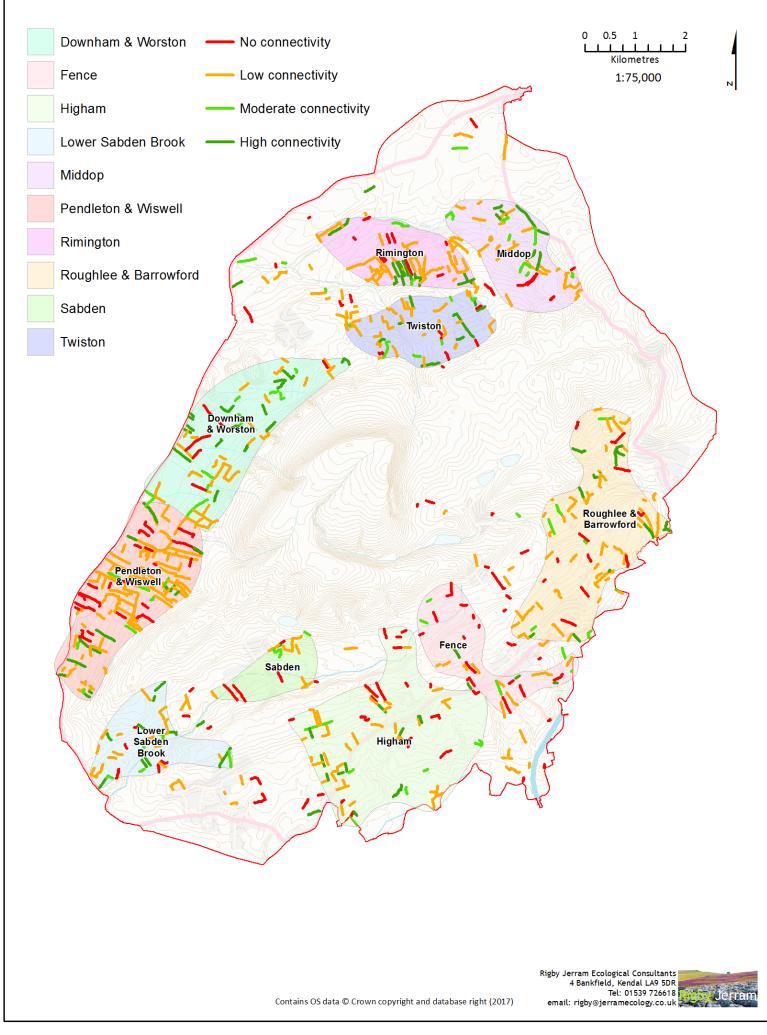




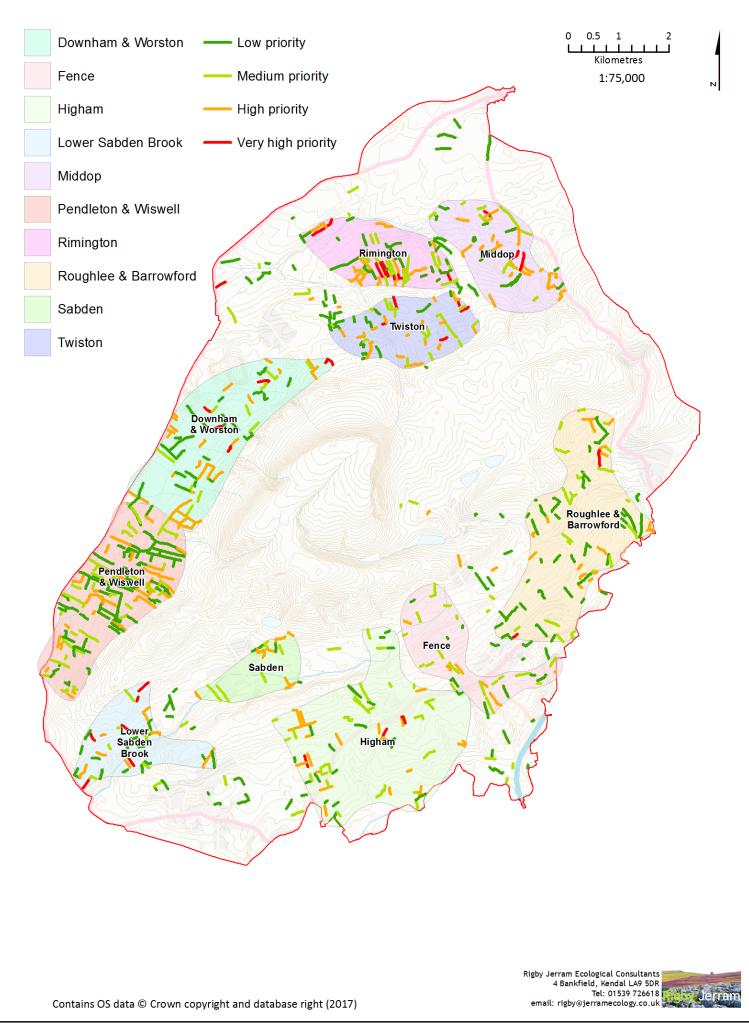
Map 4 Traditional Boundaries Action Plan **Hedge Condition Prioritisation**



Map 5 Traditional Boundary Action Plan Hedge Connectivity



Map 6 Traditional Boundary Action Plan Hedge Restoration Prioritisation



2.2 Walls

Walls have been prioritised in a similar but simpler manner to hedges, based on condition (Map 7) and percentage gap categories (Map 8):

- 1. Walls in the "good" condition category are excluded.
- 2. The remaining walls are scored according to their condition:
 - a. Partial repair: score 1
 - b. Considerable repair: score 3
 - c. Abandoned wall: score 4
- 3. They are then scored by gap categories:
 - a. 10-25%: score 1
 - b. 25-50%: score 2
 - c. >50%: score 3

These scores are then added together to give a prioritisation score.

Score	Priority
>5	High
3 – 5	Medium
<3	Low

These prioritised walls have then been grouped into five Priority Areas (Map 9).

2.2.1 Wall Priority Areas

Five Priority Areas for wall restoration have been identified based on clusters of walls with high and medium priority for restoration (Map 9), though these do not include all the walls in need of restoration.

Table 2 Wait Hority Areas										
	Lov	v Priority	Medi	um Priority	Hig	h Priority	Total			
Priority Area	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)	No.	Length (m)		
Gisburn	1	190	6	1,243	2	303	9	1,736		
Newchurch	8	1,050	5	809	8	1,324	21	3,183		
Pendle Hill	27	6,581	17	5,931	19	5,679	63	18,191		
Rimington Moor	19	5,172	10	3,560	9	1,592	38	10,323		
Sabden Fold	7	1,262	2	280	9	1,455	18	2,996		
Grand Total	62	14,254	40	11,822	47	10,352	149	36,429		

Table 2 Wall Priority Areas

Pendle Hill covers the allotment walls of Pendle Hill and the ridge extending south of the Nick of Pendle towards Wiswell. These walls have high landscape significance due to their prominence on the skyline and in views across much of the Pendle Hill LP area, many however have fallen into disrepair and are no longer functional as livestock barriers and are either abandoned or augmented by fences.

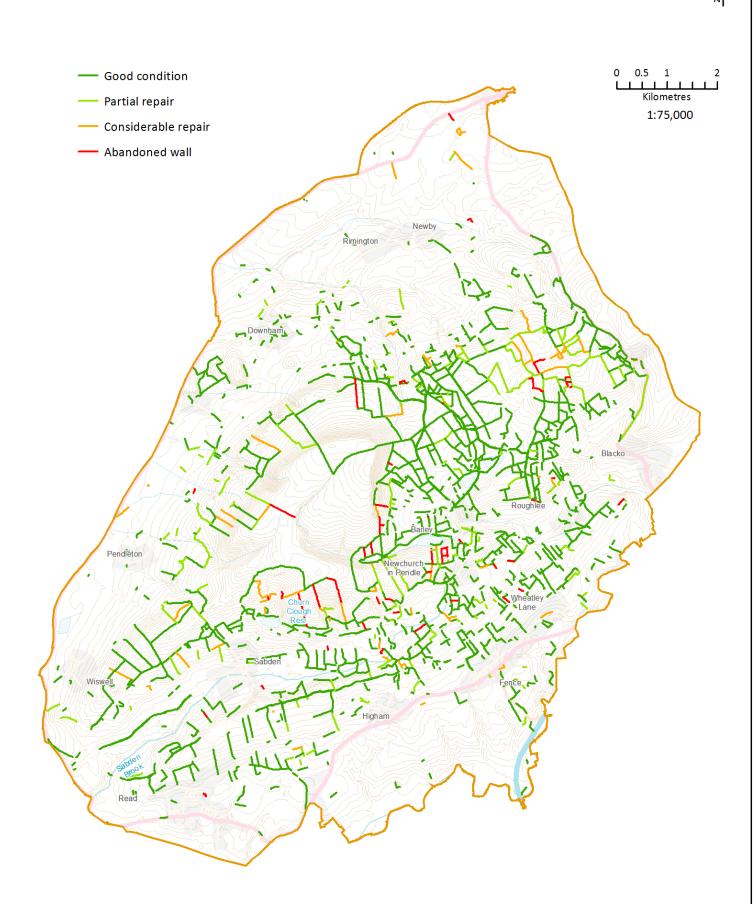
Walls are uncommon in the Gisburn area, so the poor condition of the few which are present is considered to be a high priority for restoration.



At Rimington Moor there are a number of long walls on the unimproved and semi-improved allotments/large fields between Craven Laithe and Rimington Moor which are in a poor state of repair.

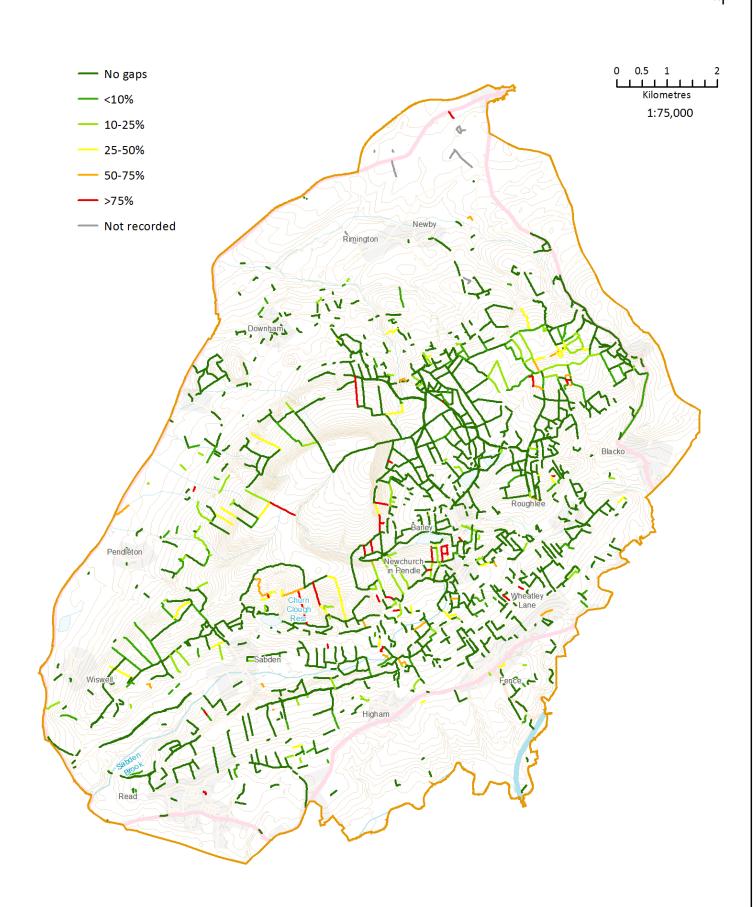
The Sabden Fold and Newchurch areas highlight notable clusters of smaller walls in need of restoration.

Map 7 Traditional Boundaries Action Plan Wall Condition



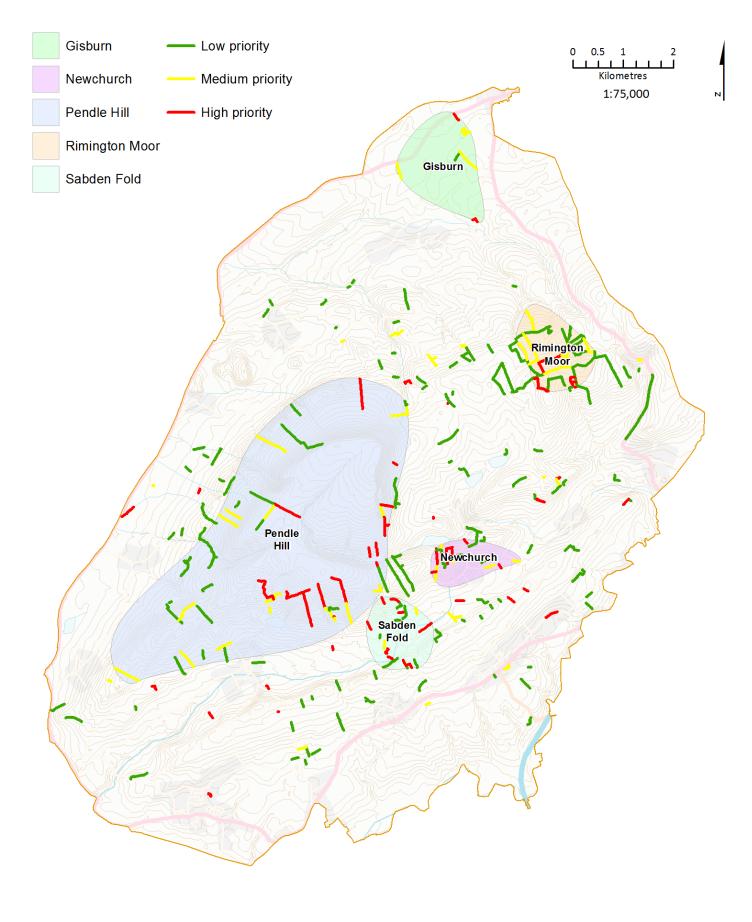


Map 8 Traditional Boundaries Action Plan Wall Gaps





Map 9 Traditional Boundaries Action Plan Wall Restoration Prioritisation



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